

HIS FAME SECURE

SAMPSON'S TRIBUTE TO THE HERO OF MANILA.

ADVOCATES INCREASED NAVY

THE PRESENT IS A GOOD TIME TO PRESS THE NEED.

Says This Country Still Has Much to Learn About Warships, Which Are as Yet in an Experimental Stage—His Ideas.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The Independent this week will contain an article by Rear Admiral Sampson on "The United States Navy," in which he says: "I have long believed that the navy of the United States is not adequate to the needs of the nation, and in spite of our victories the events of the past year have tended strongly to confirm the view I held before the war began. For an army increase, I fail to see the necessity. It is hardly conceivable that we could use a large army except for wars of foreign conquest, which the sentiment of our country would not permit. No power except Great Britain could hope to attack us successfully upon our land. No two powers could hope to effect anything against us by sending an army to this country."

"Three thousand miles of water protect us from all except one possible enemy—Great Britain—who has of late shown most unmistakably that she desires permanent peace and the closest friendship. Her attitude is all that could be desired. I do not believe that there is any room for doubt as to the good faith of the English. They really wish our friendship and are prepared to make sacrifices to secure it."

"Foreign armies, therefore, do not constitute a danger to this country. The possible wars which confront us are naval wars, and in order to wage them successfully we need more ships. I believe that we should have as many as many ships as our navy at present contains. Whether or not we desire to have it so, the war has made a great change in our position among the nations. It has gained a new estimate of us and has put us in the front rank of the powers whose voices decide questions of the world's politics."

"At the same time we have greatly extended our coast line and have undertaken the government of large and distant territories. We have become an Asiatic power and cannot evade the responsibilities of such a position. We have great interests in the Pacific ocean and must be prepared to cope with any who are disposed to deny our rights there. To safeguard our interests, to maintain our position, to speak with the authority that becomes us, we need ships and still more ships. If our easy victories over the fleets of a weak naval power fill our people with the belief that we have now a navy that is large enough for all our needs, then those victories will have done us more harm than good. I believe in harbor defenses which only determined attack of the enemy could overcome."

"We have still much to learn about modern warships. They are as yet in the experimental stage. My own idea is that the naval increase should be made by the building of more vessels of the New York type and that that water speed and coal capacity must be secured even though it be necessary to sacrifice some armor thickness in order to secure them. Our need of swift armored cruisers transcends other naval needs."

"The present is a good time to press the needs of the navy upon the country, which will soon be quivering from end to end with emotions produced by the reception of the hero of Manila. The extraordinary and widespread desire to do him honor call for a navy that is more than adequate for what he set out to do, and that is the test. His fame is secure for the future."

ROLL OF HONOR.

General Otis Reports Another List of Dead and Wounded to the War Department.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The war department has received the following additional casualty list from General Otis:

Killed—Twelfth Infantry, June 2, G. Private David Goldsmith; June 4, G. Private Converse P. Warner; Second Oregon, H. Private William McElwain; Fourth Cavalry, C. Sergeant Seth Lovell; 1. Sergeant Benjamin Crade.

Wounded—Second Oregon, April 25, M. Surgeon M. H. Ellis, leg, slight; 3. E. Private Henry Wagner, iliac region, severe; H. Austin J. Salisbury, iliac region, severe; H. Private Patrick Brangan, leg, severe; G. Nelson E. Daly, chest, severe; "Maukie" Crawford, chest, moderate; First Colorado, June 3, A. Private Charles Hickman, foot, moderate; First Montana, Theodore Schulte, back, slight; Fourth Infantry, June 1, Private James McCarthy, thigh, slight.

"HOME, SWEET HOME."

Dewey Steamed Out of Hong Kong Harbor While British Band Played World's Favorite Tune.

HONG KONG, June 6.—The United States cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, left here at 4 o'clock this afternoon. There was no demonstration. The weather was wretched. It was blowing and raining hard at the time of the warship's departure.

Consul Wildman remained on the Olympia until the last minute. At 4 o'clock the admiral, who went on board to bid him farewell, at 4 o'clock sharp the signal was run up to the peak, and a large admiral's flag was hoisted at the mainmast. The Olympia moved off with a marine guard drawn up on the poop.

While passing the British cruiser Powerful, the band of the Olympia played the British national anthem and gave a bugle salute. There was no firing.

The Powerful fired a similar salute and her band played "Hail Columbia."

As the Olympia passed the Italian admiral's ship the Italian band played the Italian national anthem and gave an admiral's salute, the compliments being returned.

Then the Olympia's band played, "Auld Lang Syne" and the band then the Powerful played "Home, Sweet Home."

Admiral Dewey is apparently anxious to avoid all demonstrations.

Heroes Buried at the Presidio.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—Five brave soldiers were buried here this morning at the Presidio to-day. Four of them had seen service in the Philippines and had died from various causes. The fifth, Claude W. Payne, of the First engineers, at the general hospital yesterday of consumption. The other three were Arthur Jobbing, Company H, Eighteenth Infantry; James Healy, Company I, Eighteenth Infantry; William D. Griffin, Battery G, Sixth artillery; Walter J. McLean, Company L, First Montana volunteers. The soldiers were buried with full military honors.

NO 10 O'CLOCK LUNCH.

A Food That Sustains the Body After Common Food Is Exhausted.

With many people there comes a feeling of faintness and need for food before the noon hour is reached. This is generally because of the use of white bread and other non-nourishing articles, or food used for breakfast. It is a case of comment among those who use the concentrated food Grape-Nuts that the feeling of hunger is felt until the noon hour. The facts show forth that the food is sustaining and nourishes and feeds the body hours after the power of ordinary food is exhausted.

A few days' trial of Grape-Nuts tells the tale.

Found at grocers, and made by the Postum Co., at Battle Creek, Mich.

MORONG CAPTURED.

First Washington Regiment Took Possession of the Day Before General Hall Arrived.

MANILA, June 6.—General Hall encountered no resistance in his march from Antipolo to Morong through Teresa.

The inhabitants did not leave the latter town, but met the Americans, representing themselves as friends. A large number of the natives passed through the American lines, returning to Antipolo.

Hall's march was very difficult and there were many cases of prostration of American soldiers by the heat.

The brigade moved into Morong at 11 o'clock yesterday and found that Colonel Wholley with the First Washington, had captured the town the day before, killing 121 natives.

The brigades and Covadonga, tinclads, shelled the place and were answered by an artillery fire. One shell was put through the Covadonga.

A detachment of the Washington regiment, while on a scouting expedition, lost one man killed and one wounded, and killed one officer and four men of the insurgents.

Hall's brigade remains in Morong to be rationed. Colonel Wholley returns to Fuzig.

Preferred Death to Disgrace.

MANILA, June 7.—Lieutenant Frew W. Pearce, of the Sixth United States Infantry, committed suicide here this morning. He came from Iloilo a week ago on leave, but lingered here beyond the limit and failed to reply to repeated telegrams from his commander.

Yesterday he was put under arrest on the commandant's order. This morning an officer called to see him, when he suddenly pulled a revolver from under his pillow and shot himself through the head.

Avenge a Cuban's Death.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Another report from the Philippines was made public by the war department to-day. It related to the capture of the Manila water works and pumping station on February 8. Early in this fight Dr. H. A. Young, of the Fifth battery, was cut off by the insurgents, and his body found horribly mutilated. It was only a few minutes after seeing this evidence of barbarity that the Nebraska company's trench, leaving the line of its occupants to be cared for by the burning squad.

Krupp Guns in Enemy's Camp.

MANILA, June 6.—The insurgents nightly annoy the troops at San Fernando. Several Krupp guns have been captured recently. The enemy has several Krupp guns, which they bring forward and use for sniping at the troops. They are treating with their guns. One of the insurgent shells fell within thirty yards of General MacArthur's headquarters last Saturday evening. The American troops do not reply to the nightly outbreaks.

Hollo and Cebu Cable Open.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The state department has received telegraphic information from the Philippine Islands that the cable between Manila and Cebu has been successfully completed and it is now open for business.

Philippine Punish Macabebes.

MANILA, June 6.—The rebels on Saturday night made an attack upon the friendly town of Macabebes, and after driving the inhabitants out, burned the town.

WHERE MILES' HOWL HURTS.

Secretary Wilson Says It Will Be a Long Time Before Packers Regain European Trade.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—"It will be a long time before the American meat packers recover from the hue and cry over the canned beef furnished the United States army," said Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, yesterday.

"After years of unremitting efforts the packers had at last succeeded in introducing our canned meats to the European trade, and there was no country where they were not to be found, and they were in use in most of the armies. As soon as the howl went up that these same packers had furnished rotten beef to the American army, their sales went down to nothing, and now they have all their trade to build up again. It will be doubly hard this time, because they will not only have to overcome the original prejudice against American meat, but they will have to disprove in almost every case, to the satisfaction of the individual buyer, that there was no foundation in the charges made against the meat."

"When the truth overtakes the lie they may be restored to their former position, but they will have a hard time to rebuild their trade. On the whole, however, the outlook for trade in meat appears to be very good. Hitherto we have been almost unable to send live cattle to any European country because of the restriction with which the trade has been surrounded. Their entry was not forbidden by any country, but in addition to the state regulations there have always been so many petty municipal and departmental regulations that the exportation of cattle to these countries has not paid."

"Belgium has agreed to admit our cattle under favorable conditions, and several other countries are expected to follow her example. Efforts will be made to have an examination of the cattle answer state and municipal requirements, so as to do away with the numerous examinations and the multiplicity of fees. Germany, we hear, is taking a more favorable view of our pork, and we expect to have the restrictions virtually removed to such an extent as to afford us a good market there for pork and pork products."

MISSOURI CROP REPORT.

Latest Bulletin Issued by the State Section of the United States Weather Bureau.

COLUMBIA, MO., June 6.—(Special.) The weekly crop report, issued here to-day by the Missouri section of the United States weather bureau, says:

In some of the southern and western counties corn has been well cultivated, considerable having been plowed the third time, but in many counties the fields are very weedy, cultivation having been prevented by the frequent rains. Wheat is too badly choked by weeds, corn is generally growing well, but there is much complaint of poor stands, especially in the central and northern sections. In a number of the northern counties only about one-half of the crop has yet been planted. Cotton, in the southeastern counties, is generally up to the neck, but there is some complaint that the stand is poor and some fields are very foul. There is also some complaint of late in the northwestern counties. Chickpeas continue very destructive in wheat and in a few counties the fields are being plowed up. Considerable rust is also reported in the southern counties and in some of the northeastern counties the crop has been injured by the continued wet weather. In a considerable number of the southern counties, however, early wheat promises a good yield.

Harvest will commence in the extreme southern counties next week. Cattle and hogs are doing well as a rule, and oats are now heading in the southern sections. In a few of the northern counties, oats and meadows have been injured by excessive rains and in many of the southern counties meadows are very weedy. Elsewhere the outlook for the hay crop is good.

Clover cutting is in progress in the southern sections, but the weather has not been favorable for curing it. Gardens and potatoes are growing nicely though in some sections they are very weedy.

Apples are still dropping and the crop is less than promising a few weeks ago. Raspberries are ripening in the extreme south.

Another Klondike Boom.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—Scenes almost equaling in excitement those which marked the departure of prospectors for the Klondike at the first announcement of the gold discovery, were enacted to-day when the steamer the Homer and the schooner the Salvo sailed for St. Michael, the first craft bound thither this season. Both vessels sailed under full power, and many desiring passage being refused accommodation for lack of space. Many of these have already engaged to go in the steamer Charles Nelson, which is now in the transport service and on the way back from St. Michael about June 15.

GOMEZ' FAREWELL

CUBAN PATRIOT UTTERS WORDS OF WISDOM.

PLEA FOR PATIENCE AND PEACE

PEOPLE MUST DEVOTE THEMSELVES TO PACIFIC LABORS.

Soldiers No Longer Needed, but Men for the Maintenance of Order, So That the Boon of Self-Government Will Soon Be Forthcoming.

HAVANA, June 6.—Maximo Gomez, the former commander-in-chief of the Cuban army, issued his farewell manifesto to-day. In substance it was:

"The mission I have been entrusted with is nearly concluded. I have attempted to find a solution of questions concerning the army which I commanded during the bloodiest war known in America. I am now leaving, regretfully, to attend to necessary private business."

"A parting word to the people for whom I have sacrificed thirty years of my life, and to my friends in the army just disbanded, which action should have been taken instantly after the removal of the bloody yoke of Spain's merciless regime: We armed ourselves, and therefore we no longer are soldiers, but men for the maintenance of peace and order, which are the basis of Cuba's future welfare."

"It is necessary to understand that the nation in this epoch, an epoch most difficult and unequalled in history, should avail itself of the opportunity to show it possesses virtues in spite of the vices caused by colonial government and the harshness of warlike life. We wanted and depended upon foreign intervention to terminate the war, leaving the people of our contest, and resulted in Spain's defeat. But none of us thought this extraordinary event would be followed by a military occupation of the country by allies who treat us as a people incapable of acting for ourselves and who have reduced us to obedience, to submission and to the tutelage imposed by force of circumstances. This cannot be our ultimate fate after the years of struggle and we should aid by every peaceful method in finishing the work of organizing, which the Americans accepted in the protocol and which is as disgraceful for them as for ourselves. This aid will prove useless without concord among all the islanders. Therefore, it is necessary to forget past disagreements, to completely unite all elements and to unite all the islanders, which is needed in any country."

"It is always said that countries have the government which they merit, and Cuba will have that which her heroism and her courage merit. We must devote ourselves to pacific labors; gain the respect of the world and show that though our war was honorable our peace must be more so."

"We must make useless by our behavior the presence of a strange power in the island and must assist the Americans to complete the honorable mission they have been compelled to assume by force of circumstances."

"This work was not sought by those rich Northerners, owners of a continent. I think doubts and suspicions are unjust. We must form immediately a committee or a club to be a nucleus of government. This will serve Cuban interests purely and act as an aid to the intervenors."

"I, as one of the first Cubans, although one of our last old soldiers and not far from the grave, without passion or ambition on your part, and without any other aim, and I urge a cessation of the superfluous discussions and the creations of parties of all kinds, which disturb the country and tend to cause anarchy."

"In this country there should not be one man who would consider the other. To-day we no longer have Autonomists or Conservatives, but only Cubans."

"My mission having ended, I will assist myself temporarily to embrace my family, but I will return shortly to Cuba, which I love as much as my own land."

"My last words for my soldiers are that, as always, where my tent is the Cubans have a friend."

HOW IT WAS RECEIVED.

Americans Believe It Expresses His Real Views, but His Opponents Say It Is a Subterfuge.

HAVANA, June 6.—The farewell manifesto of General Gomez, which was the subject of conversation among Americans and Cubans of all shades of politics. The Americans, for the most part, consider it an affecting address, expressing the real views of the old patriot, and also his sincere intention to retire from public life. His Cuban admirers say the address will rank among the most important in the history of the island. His opponents, especially the members of the former military assembly, insist that he has no intention to retire for more than a few weeks, and that his real object is to gain public sympathy. They say also that Colonel Carlos Céspedes has written the greater part of what Gomez issues to the public, though the latter, probably, a third was written by Gomez himself.

General Gomez spent the morning at his residence attending to business, and he declined to see visitors this afternoon, giving as an excuse the weakness that followed his recent indisposition. Toward evening he was seen driving, accompanied by an aide, and it is thought he probably will leave Havana before the 1st of July.

After visiting San Domingo he expects to return to Cuba in order to remove the body of his son, Francisco Gomez, who was killed with General Antonio Maceo. He desires to reinter the remains in his native land.

Many residents of Havana, who are neither friendly nor unfriendly to Gomez, believe that, if he lives, he will soon wish to resume his connections with the island; and they also believe that Cuban sentiment in the main would favor his being largely interested in the future Cuban republic, even if not as its president.

Situation Getting Serious at Rich Hill.

RICH HILL, MO., June 6.—(Special.) The situation among the miners here is growing serious. Meetings have been held almost hourly. This afternoon about 400 of the men in this camp assembled at Mud-spring bridge, south of town and the entire afternoon was put in in speechmaking by the agitators. The miners who attended the meeting were mostly Belgians and the most extended speech of the afternoon was made in their language.

Department of Texas Re-established.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—By direction of the president the acting secretary of war has issued an order for the re-establishment of the military department of Texas and the assignment of Colonel Charles McKibben, of the Twenty-first Infantry, to the command of the department. Colonel McKibben is now on duty at Columbus barracks, O. He has a splendid record and is one of the most popular officers in the army.

Laughed Although Fined.

PRINCETON, KY., June 6.—Every man in town was fined to-day for contempt of court. A petition had been signed by all the citizens asking the grand jury not to indict the defendants in the case of the defendants. The commonwealth's attorney moved to proceed against the signers for contempt of court, but the judge affixed the fine at 1 cent, and the defendants applauded the decision.

Pingree's Pet Scheme.

DETROIT, MICH., June 6.—Governor Pingree, Elliott G. Stevenson and Carl E. Stevenson, commissioners of the city of Detroit, were called to the city hall to-day by the common council of Detroit to purchase and operate the city's street railway, to-night make formal application to the council for one of three ordinances necessary to carry out the transaction according to the commission's programme.

The Church of God.

DECATUR, ILL., June 6.—The general assembly of the Churches of God in the United States to-day decided to have its next meeting at Anderson, Ind., in 1902. The territory north of the Missouri river is annexed to the Iowa division.

GREAT MILLINERY SALE TO-DAY

From one of the largest wholesale Millinery Houses in the world we have captured pretty nearly three carloads of first-class, seasonable Millinery for spot cash. We begin to sell it to-day in Millinery Department, Third Floor. It consists of Flowers, Feathers, Hat Shapes, and all the fascinating things that go to make up beautiful headwear. There is one single lot of 462 dozen, or over 5,000 strictly up-to-date Sailors. This is a fact and you will find the whole floor looking like a great stack of straw when you come to-day. We will show you to-day, if you come, more sailors on exhibition than you have ever seen in your life at one time. Don't conclude when you read the following prices that these are prices on cheap or low class goods. WE'RE SLAUGHTERING THE PRICES TO SELL THESE GOODS QUICK, as there is an enormous quantity of them and the season is short for us to sell, but long for you to wear. It looked a little bit like heroism for us to buy this amount of millinery at this time, but that's what makes these prices possible. The nerve and the cash made these prices possible for you to-day. Read the following carefully: (Sale on Third Floor.)

Three Lots of Sailors. One lot assorted styles; our regular prices have been 75c; choice of this lot each 1.00 One lot assorted styles, regular retail prices have been up to 1.00; choice of this lot each 1.25 One lot includes the latest shapes in the wide, rolling brim, low crown, Manila sailers, Capetown style, worth up to 1.50; choice of this lot 50c	One assorted lot; worth up to 1.00; choice for 1.50c Three Lots of Hat Shapes. One lot short bucks, dress shapes; worth up to 50c, for 1.00c One lot assorted styles, worth up to 1.00, for 1.25c One lot includes the latest shapes in the wide, rolling brim, low crown, Manila sailers, Capetown style, worth up to 1.50; choice of this lot 50c	One lot including everything in the latest shapes; worth up to 2.00, at 1.00c Three Lots of Baby Caps. One assorted lot, worth up to 50c, for 1.00c One lot Baby Caps, worth up to 50c, for 1.25c One lot Children's Straw Crown Mull Brim Hats, fancy embroidered edges, worth 1.00, at 45c Three Lots of Chiffons. One lot Double Width Dotted Mullins, worth 50c, at, yard 20c	One lot Platted and Shirred Liberty Silks and Chiffons, worth 1.00, at 30c All Silk Mousseline de Soie, 30 and 32 inches wide, black, white and colors, worth 1.00 at, yard 50c Three Lots of Trimmed Hats. One lot Ladies' Trimmed Short Buck Sailors and Children's Trimmed Leghorns, worth 1.00 and 2.00, at 75c One lot Ladies', Misses' and Children's Trimmed Leghorns, worth 3.00, at 2.00c One lot Ladies' and Misses' Trimmed Hats, worth up to 2.00, for 50c
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A COMPANION EFFORT IN

Ladies' Separate Skirts

While the ladies are viewing and buying the tremendous values in millinery, in the rear of the same big floor (3rd floor) we will have thousands of the most interesting bargains that could possibly be offered anywhere in Ladies' Separate Skirts. A big skirt manufacturer came to us with a skirt proposition that was too big for ordinary stores to handle. We surprised him by taking him up. He wouldn't have made such prices and divided up the sale, but having the output, we took in all his skirts. Buying in that way, selling thousands quick and for cash, we can put on these very unusual prices for to-day:

Linon Crash Skirts, deep hem, good width, to-day 33c Linon Crash Skirts, made with finished seams, 4 inch hem, trimmed with 3 rows of fancy duck, to-day 40c Linon Crash Skirts, made with the tailored seams, also wide hem, good width, handsomely embroidered, regular \$1.50 value, special for 50c White Duck Skirts, nicely trimmed in white duck, good width, well finished, goes on sale for 80c White Duck Skirts, nicely trimmed with insertion, all tailored seams, 6 rows of blue duck, 6 inch hem, extra wide skirt 80c White Plaid Skirts, 6 inch hem, tailored seams, extra wide skirt, regular \$1.50 value, to-day only 80c Fancy Crash Skirts, in the 2 shades, nice wide hem, every seam tailored, regular \$1.50 value, special for 90c Blue Duck Skirts, nicely trimmed in white duck, good width, well finished, goes on sale for 80c White Plaid Skirts, nicely trimmed with insertion, all tailored seams, 6 rows of blue duck, 6 inch hem, extra wide skirt 80c	Black Figured Mohair and Plaid Skirts, nicely lined, well bound, regular \$2.00 value, to-day only 80c Black Mohair and Fancy Skirts, four yards wide, made with the new plaid back, nicely bound, special 80c Black Mohair and Black Serge Skirts, good width, made with the new plaid back, nicely bound, regular \$1.00 and \$1.50 values, special for 80c Broadened Gros Grain Silk Skirts, in all wool and silk novelties, all made with the new buttoned back, waterproof and corduroy binding, some are lined and interlined, skirts you pay \$5.00 and \$7.00 for elsewhere our price 30c Black All Wool Crepons and Broadened Satin Skirts, lined and interlined, all made in the latest style, new buttoned back, regular \$3.00 values, special 80c Heavy Taffeta Silk Skirts, made with the new buttoned back, and nicely trimmed with a row of velvet ribbon, well lined, regular \$12.00 values, to-day 90c
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Sixth and Main,
Kansas City,
U. S. A.



Northeast Cor.
Sixth and Main,
Kansas City,
U. S. A.

Diamond Prices

as quoted by diamond cutters and importers have advanced sharply the past few weeks, and, as is only natural, this advance will shortly affect the retail buyers.

Indeed, in many instances it has already done so. However, our present large stock was bought before the rise, and on it we will keep prices exactly the same as they have been in the past. It is plainly evident that NOW is the time to buy diamonds. With higher prices positively in sight, our present prices make a decided saving possible.

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GET YOUR MONEY'S WORTH!
50c Sheet Music Hits for 14c

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We ask you as a reasonable person, is it probable that anybody can afford to sell the same quality of Trunks as low as the man who makes them?

That's Our Proposition.

N. M. FRELING,
Excelsior Trunk Factory,
706 Main and 707 Delaware St.

New Regents May Lose Office.
TOPEKA, June 6.—(Special.) Attorney G. C. Clemens to-day filed suit in the court of appeals at Concordia to oust Thomas Yoe and Captain McDowell, the two new members of the board of regents of the agricultural college. These two men were appointed to succeed J. N. Limboccker and C. B. Hoffman, who were removed by the governor upon the recommendation of the investigating committee. In the petition he charges that the two men are incompetent to discharge the duties of the office, and that the governor's acts in removing them were illegal.

Derangement of the Liver, with constipation, induces the complexion, induces pimples, yellow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

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Just now this store is unusually attractive with beautiful goods at right prices.

Visitors are welcome, whether they wish to buy or not. Just come and look around. No extra charge for packing and shipping at retail.

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Has been manufactured for the past forty or fifty years is not in itself an indication of merit. It may have been serving half a century ago, but its quality now is what interests the buyer. Modern skill and inventive ingenuity have attained a marvelous perfection in piano building, and it's the up-to-date piano that deserves the buyer's consideration. We sell the best pianos of the present day—pianos built upon honor and sold upon merit—and an investigation on these lines is always welcome here.

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